

methods. Moving Film method (Weissenberg method). Systematic absences. Crystalline X-ray diffractometer (4 angle), Intensities of diffracted X-rays and structural analysis, X-ray scattering atoms and molecules, Factors affecting X-ray intensities, introduction to Crystal structure analysis. 9hrs.

Electron Diffraction: Introduction, Theory of electron diffraction, Wierl equation and its significance (qualitatively), Elucidation of structure of simple gas molecules. Structure of surfaces - (Low and high Energy Electron Diffraction, Transmission electron microscopy (TEM), SEM. Theory and applications of Neutron diffraction. Comparison between X-ray, electron and Neutron diffractions. 3hrs .

## REFERENCES:

1. Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy, Banwell & McCash (Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi) 2007.
2. Spectroscopy, H. Kaur (Pragathi Prakashana, Meerut), 2012.
3. Spectroscopy, Donald L. Pavia (Cengage learning India Pvt. Ltd., Delhi), 2007.
4. Spectroscopy, B.K. Sharma (Goel prakashan, Meerut), 2013.
5. A Basic Course in Crystallography, JAK Tareen and TRN Kutty, University Press, Hyderabad (2001).
6. Essentials of Crystallography, M.A. Waheb, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi (2009),
7. X-ray methods, Clive Whiston, (John Wiley & Sons, New York) 1987.

## AC P 407: INORGANIC CHEMISTRY PRACTICALS – I

### COURSE OUTCOME:

- Students will have hands on experience on the analysis of Hematite Dolomite, Pyrolusite, Solder,
- Analysis of Halide Mixture, Colorimetric Determination, Gravimetric determinations and Statistical Analysis of Data.
- To understand Complexometric determination and hardness of water
- It enables the students to learn Statistical Analysis of Data.

1. Analysis of Hematite-insoluble residue by gravimetry and Iron by volumetry using  $Ce^{4+}$ .
2. Analysis of Dolomite - insoluble residue by gravimetry and Ca, Mg by complexometry.
3. Pyrolusite - Insoluble residue by gravimetry and Manganese content by oxalate method.
4. Analysis of solder - Pb and Sn by EDTA method.
5. Complexometric determination of Mn, Cu, Ni and Fe-Cr mixture
6. Hardness of water
7. Analysis of Halide Mixture - Iodide by  $KIO_3$  and total halide by gravimetrically.
8. Colorimetric Determination of Iron by thiocyanate and Cu by aqueous ammonia.
9. Gravimetric Determinations of Mn, Ni, Mo, Pb/Cr, sulphide, thiocyanate.
10. Statistical Analysis of Data.

### Reference :

1. Vogel's Text Book of Quantitative Chemical Analysis (5<sup>th</sup> Ed), G.H. Jeffrey, J. Bassette, J. Mendham and R.C. Denny, Longman, 1999.